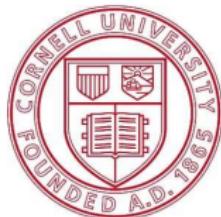


# Formal Specification, Verification, and Implementation of Fault-Tolerant Systems using EventML

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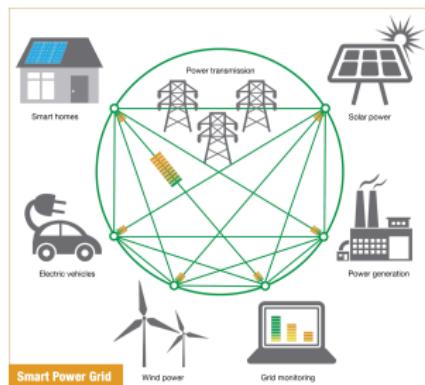
<http://www.nuprl.org>



securityandtrust.lu

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# Distributed Systems are Ubiquitous



# Correctness

What evidence do we have that these systems are correct?

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What evidence do we have that these systems are correct?

Type checking

Testing

# Correctness

What evidence do we have that these systems are correct?

Type checking

Testing

Model checking

# Correctness

What evidence do we have that these systems are correct?

Type checking

Testing

Model checking

Theorem proving

# New Challenges

Distributed systems are hard to specify, implement and verify.

We need to tolerate failures.

It is hard to test all possible scenarios.

State space explosion using model checking.

Model checking often done on abstractions of the code rather than on the code itself.

# Contributions

We use Nuprl as a specification, programming and verification language for asynchronous distributed systems.

Programming interface:  
a *constructive specification language* called **EventML**

Verification **methodology**

# Nuprl?

Similar to Coq and Agda

Extensional Intuitionistic Type Theory for partial functions

Consistency proof in Coq

Cloud based & virtual machines: <http://www.nuprl.org>

JonPRL: <http://www.jonprl.org>

# Contributions

A **logic of events (LoE)** and a **general process model (GPM)** implemented in Nuprl.

Specified, verified, and generated **consensus protocols** (e.g., 2/3-Consensus & Paxos) using **EventML**.

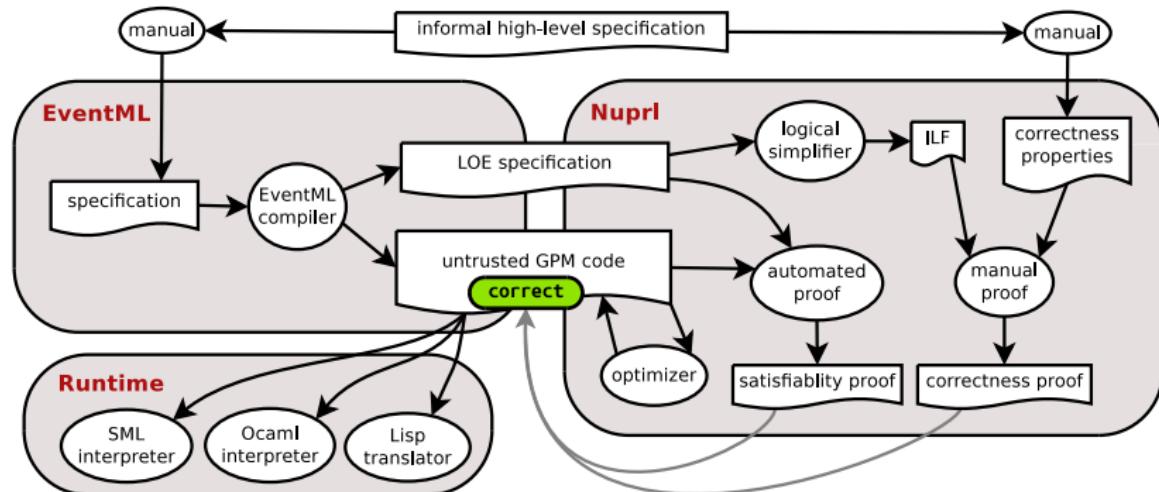
**Aneris**: a total ordered broadcast service.

**ShadowDB**: a replicated database with 2 parametrizable replication protocols (PBR & SMR) built on top of Aneris.

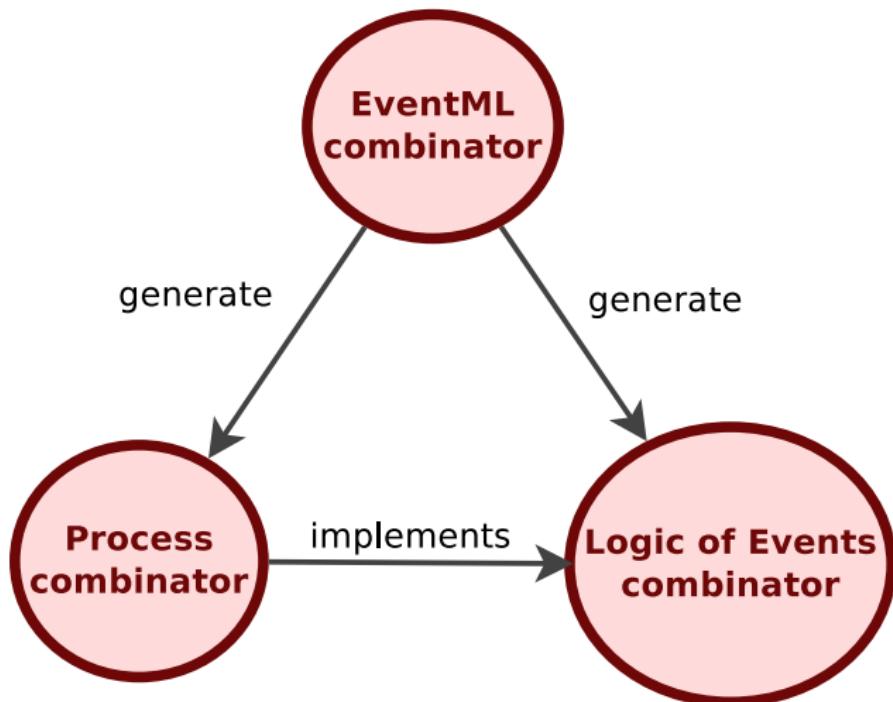
Improved performance without introducing bugs.  
We get **decent performance**.



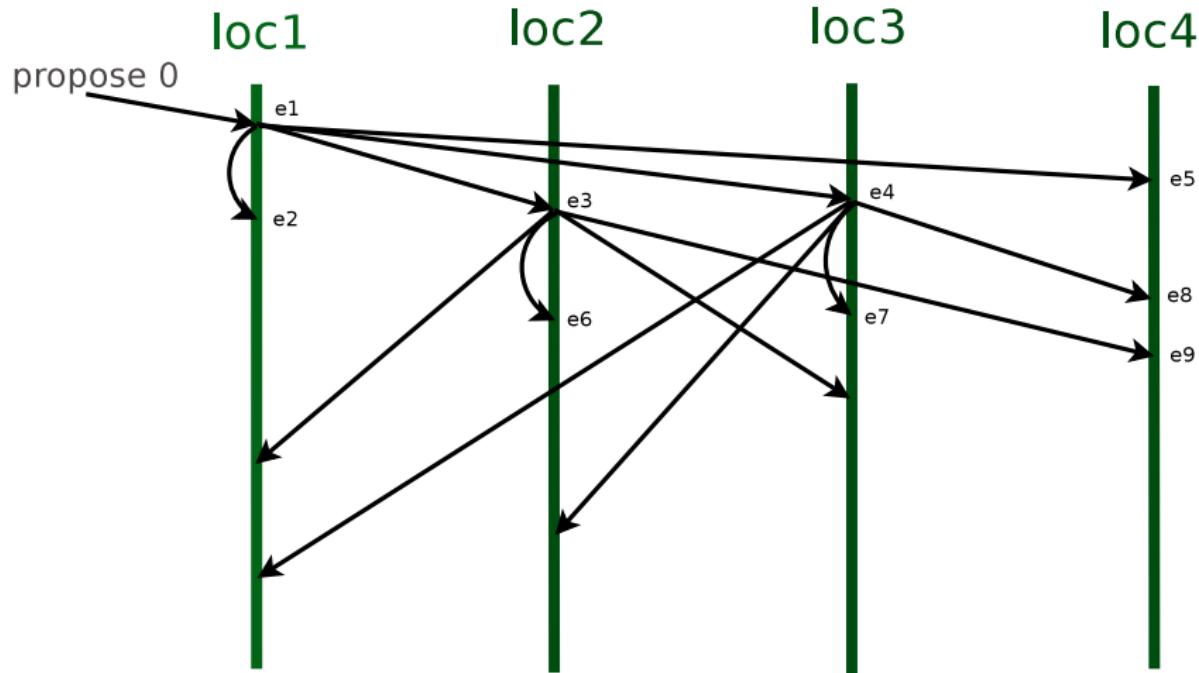
# Our Methodology



# Our Methodology



# Event Orderings (or Message Sequence Diagrams)



# Event Orderings

A dependent record

$$EO = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \textit{Event} : \textit{Type} \\ \textit{loc} : \textit{Event} \rightarrow \textit{Loc} \text{ (e.g., } \mathbb{N} \text{)} \\ \textit{info} : \textit{Event} \rightarrow \textit{Info} \text{ (e.g., } \textit{input message}) \\ \textit{pred} : \textit{Event} \rightarrow \textit{Event} \\ < : \textit{Event} \rightarrow \textit{Event} \rightarrow \mathbb{P} \end{array} \right\}$$

plus some axioms

E.g.,  $<$  is well-founded

# Processes and Observers

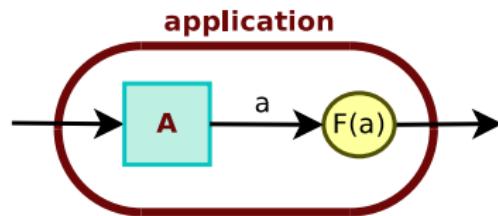
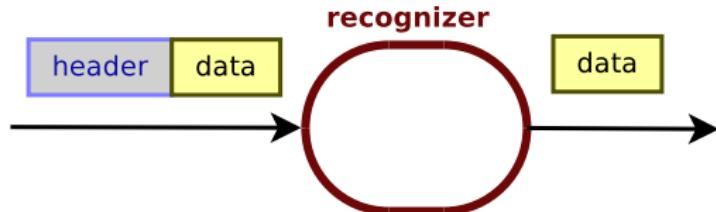
Process (GPM)

$\text{corec}(\lambda P. (A \rightarrow P \times \text{Bag}(B)) + \text{Unit})$

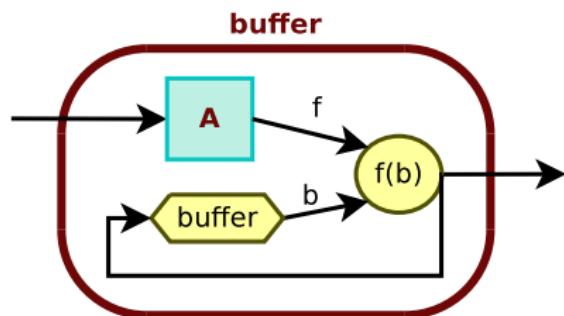
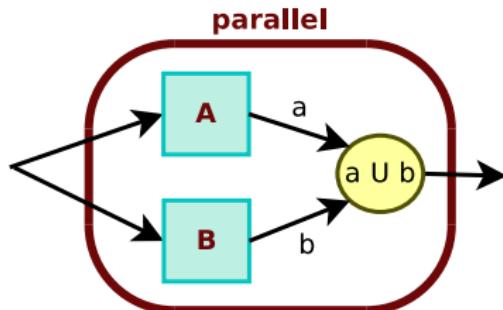
(Programmable) Observer (LoE)

$eo: EO \rightarrow e: Event(eo) \rightarrow \text{Bag}(B)$

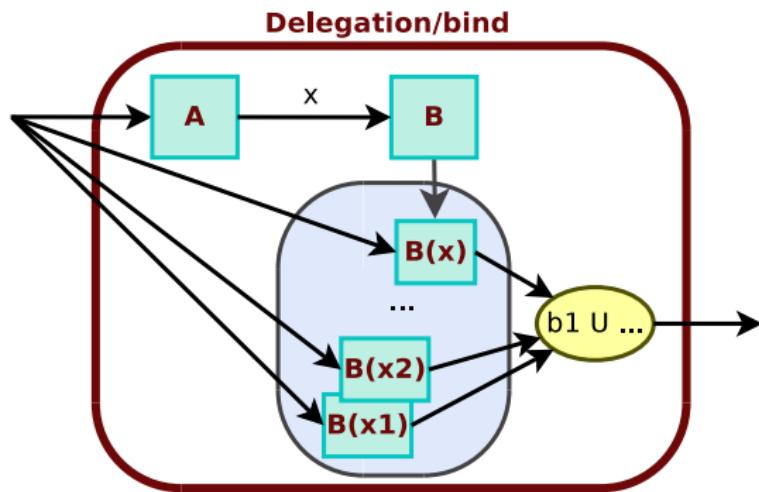
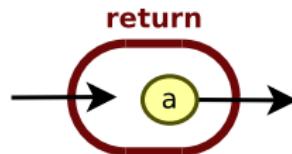
# Observers



# Observers



# Observers



# Observers in EventML

```
(* ===== Quorum: a state machine ===== *)  
  
(* — filter — *)  
let new_vote (n,r) (((n',r'),cmd),sender) (cmds,locs) =  
  (n,r) = (n',r') & !(deq-member (op =) sender locs);;  
  
(* — update — *)  
let upd_quorum (n,r) loc ((nr,c),sndr) (cmds,locs) =  
  if new_vote (n,r) ((nr,c),sndr) (cmds,locs)  
  then (c.cmds, sndr.locs)  
  else (cmds,locs);;  
  
(* — output — *)  
let roundout loc (((n,r),cmd),sender) (cmds,locs) =  
  if length cmds = 2 * F  
  then let (k,cmd') = poss-maj cmdcmdeq (cmd.cmds) cmd in  
    if k = 2 * F + 1 then decided'bcast reps(n, cmd')  
    else { retry'send loc ((n,r+1),cmd') }  
  else {} ;;  
let when_quorum (n,r) loc vt state =  
  if new_vote (n,r) vt state then roundout loc vt state else {} ;;  
  
(* — state machine — *)  
observer QuorumState (n,r) =  
  Memory(\loc . ([] ,[]), upd_quorum (n,r), vote'base) ;;  
observer Quorum (n,r) =  
  (when_quorum (n,r)) o (vote'base , QuorumState (n,r)) ;;
```

# Observer Relation

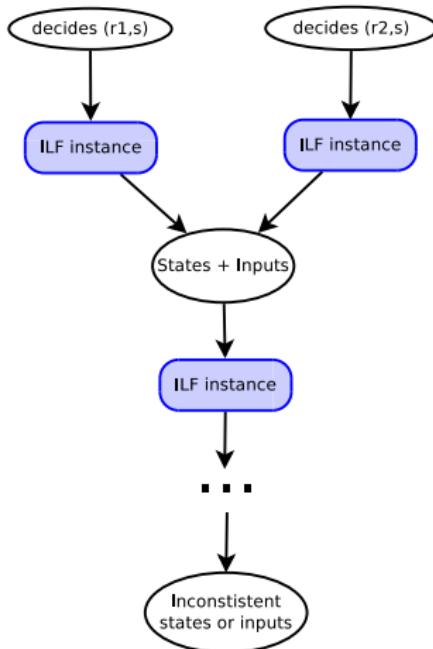
$v \in (X \text{ eo } e)$       written as       $v \in X(e)$

$$v \in X \sqcap\!\sqcup Y(e) \iff \downarrow(v \in X(e) \vee v \in Y(e))$$

$$\begin{aligned} v \in X >>= Y(e) \\ \iff \\ \downarrow \exists e' : \{e' : E \mid e' \leq_{\text{loc}} e\}. \\ \exists u : A. \\ u \in X(e') \wedge v \in (Y u \text{ eo. } e' e) \end{aligned}$$

# Automated Verification

We use causal induction + inductive logical forms (ILFs) + state machine invariants + our brain



# State Machines

```
import no_repeats length
invariant quorum_inv on (cmds,locs) in (QuorumState ni)
  == no_repeats ::Loc locs /\ length(cmds) = length(locs);;

import fseg
ordering quorum_fseg on (cmds1,locs1) then (cmds2,locs2)
  in QuorumState ni
  == fseg ::Cmd cmds1 cmds2 /\ fseg ::Loc locs1 locs2 ;;

progress rounds_restrict_inc on round1 then round2
  in (NewRoundsState n)
  with ((n',round'),cmd) in RoundInfo
    and round => n' = n /\ round < round'
  == round1 < round2 ;;

memory rounds_mem on round1 then round2 in (NewRoundsState n)
  with ((n',round'),cmd) in RoundInfo
  == (n = n') => round' <= round2 ;;
```

# Inductive Logical Forms

$\forall [Cmd:\{T:Type| valueall-type(T)\}]. \forall [clients,reps:bag(Id)]. \forall [cmdeq:EqDecider(Cmd)]. \forall [F:\mathbb{Z}]. \forall [f:headers\_type\{i:1\}(Cmd)]. \forall [es:E0]. \forall [e:E]. \forall [i, sender:Id]. \forall [d,n,r:\mathbb{Z}]. \forall [v:Cmd].$

$$\begin{aligned} & (<d, i, \text{make-Msg}(\text{'vote'}, <<n, r>, c>, \text{sender})>) \in \text{main}(Cmd; clients; cmdeq; F; reps; f)(e) \quad 1 \\ \iff & loc(e) \downarrow \in reps \quad 2 \quad \wedge \quad i \downarrow \in reps \quad 3 \quad \wedge \quad (d = 0) \\ & \wedge (\exists n':\mathbb{Z}. \exists c':Cmd. \exists e':E | e' \leq loc e). \\ & (((header(e')) = \text{'propose'}) \wedge <n', c'> = \text{body}(e')) \\ & \vee (\text{has-es-info-type}(es; e'; f; \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times Cmd \times Id) \\ & \quad \wedge (\text{header}(e') = \text{'vote'}) \\ & \quad \wedge (n' = (\text{fst}(\text{fst}(\text{fst}(\text{msgval}(e')))))) \\ & \quad \wedge (c' = (\text{snd}(\text{fst}(\text{msgval}(e')))))) \quad 4 \\ & \wedge (((\text{fst}(\text{ReplicaStateFun}(Cmd; f; es; e')))) < n') \quad 5 \\ & \vee (n' \in \text{snd}(\text{ReplicaStateFun}(Cmd; f; es; e')))) \\ & \wedge (\text{no Notify}(Cmd; clients; f) \text{ } n' \text{ between } e' \text{ and } e) \quad 6 \\ & \wedge (((<<n, r>, c>, \text{sender}) = <<n', 0>, c'>, \text{loc}(e)>) \wedge (e = e')) \quad 7 \\ & \vee (\exists r':\mathbb{Z}. \exists c'':Cmd. (<<n, r>, c>, \text{sender}) = <<n', r'>, c''>, \text{loc}(e)>) \\ & \quad \wedge (\exists e1:\{e1:E | e1 \leq loc e\} \\ & \quad \quad (((\text{header}(e1) = \text{'retry'}) \wedge <<n, r'>, c''> = \text{body}(e1)) \\ & \quad \quad \vee (\text{has-es-info-type}(es.e'; e1; f; \mathbb{Z} \times \mathbb{Z} \times Cmd \times Id) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \wedge (\text{header}(e1) = \text{'vote'}) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \wedge (n' = (\text{fst}(\text{fst}(\text{fst}(\text{msgval}(e1))))))) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \wedge (r' = (\text{snd}(\text{fst}(\text{fst}(\text{msgval}(e1))))))) \\ & \quad \quad \quad \wedge (c'' = (\text{snd}(\text{fst}(\text{msgval}(e1))))))) \\ & \quad \quad \wedge (\text{NewRoundsStateFun}(Cmd; f; n'; es.e'; e1) < r') \wedge (e = e1))))))) \quad 8 \end{aligned}$$

# What next

Crash-tolerant

Byzantine fault-tolerant

Nysiad

probabilistic systems

